## **MULTIPLICATION**

**Today's Destination** 

What does multiplication represent?

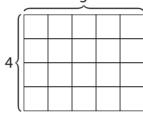


## **Vocabulary** —

**Array** A grid of squares or other objects arranged in equal rows

**Multiplication** An operation that represents putting equal groups together to get a total

For example:



$$4 \times 5 = 20$$

factors the numbers you multiply product the total in a multiplication sentence

4 rows of 5 equals 20



## Problem of the Day -



How many markers does Matt have in total?



You can use an **array** to think about multiplication. An array is a grid with equal rows. These are arrays.



 $5 \times 5 = 25$ 

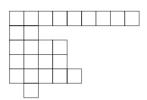


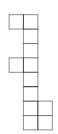
 $6 \times 1 = 6$ 



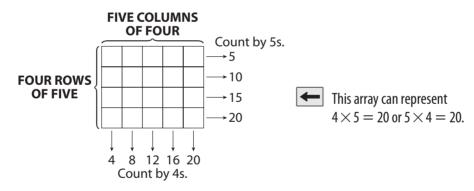
 $4 \times 3 = 12$ 

If the rows or columns are not equal, the figure is not an array. These are NOT arrays.



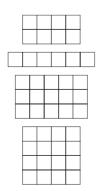


Counting the total number of small squares in an array is like putting equal groups together to get a total. That's multiplication. In an array, the number of rows times the number of columns equals the total number of small squares in the array. Notice that the number of columns times the number of rows will give the same total.





## Match each array to the multiplication sentence it shows.



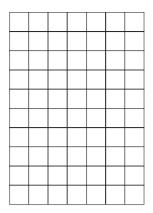
$$3 \times 5 = 15$$

$$2 \times 4 = 8$$

$$4 \times 4 = 16$$

$$1 \times 6 = 6$$

6)



Write It!

7) Draw an array to show 2 times 7. Count the squares to find the product.



Write It!

8) Draw an array to show 3 times 9. Count the squares to find the product.



Write It!

9) Ms. Liu's classroom has 3 rows of chairs. Each row has 5 chairs. What is the total number of chairs?



Compute It!